Urinary Isoprostane ELISA (5 Kit Pack)

Product Number: EA85.5

Store at 4°C

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY Document Control Number: EA85.5.220825

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# **Enzyme Immunoassay for Urinary Isoprostane**

For Research Use Only

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## INTRODUCTION

Isoprostanes are prostaglandin-like compounds that are produced by free radical mediated peroxidation of lipoproteins. This kit is for the quantification of 15-isoprostane  $F_{2t}$  (also known as 8-epi-PGF<sub>2 $\alpha$ </sub> or 8-iso-PGF<sub>2 $\alpha$ </sub>) in urine samples. Levels of 15-isoprostane  $F_{2t}$  in urine are useful for the non-invasive assessment of oxidant stress *in vivo*. 15-isoprostane  $F_{2t}$  has also been shown to be a potent vasoconstrictor in rat kidneys and rabbit lungs, and plays a causative role in atherogenesis. Elevated isoprostane levels are associated with hepatorenal syndrome, rheumatoid arthritis, atherosclerosis and carcinogenesis.

## PRINCIPLES OF PROCEDURE

This assay is a competitive enzyme-linked immunoassay (ELISA) for determining levels of 15-isoprostane  $F_{2t}$  (the best characterized isoprostane) in urine samples. Briefly, urine samples are mixed with an enhanced dilution buffer that essentially eliminates interference due to non-specific binding. The 15-isoprostane  $F_{2t}$  in the samples or standards competes with 15-isoprostane  $F_{2t}$  conjugated to horseradish peroxidase (HRP) for binding to a polyclonal antibody specific for 15-isoprostane  $F_{2t}$  coated on the microplate. The HRP activity results in color development when substrate is added, with the intensity of the color proportional to the amount of 15-isoprostane  $F_{2t}$ -HRP bound and inversely proportional to the amount of unconjugated 15-isoprostane  $F_{2t}$  in the samples or standards.

# **MATERIALS PROVIDED**

Component	Contents	Quantity	Storage	Cat. No.
Coated Plate	Anti-15-Isoprostane F <sub>2t</sub> coated 96-well plate	5	4°C	EA85a
Standard	15-Isoprostane F <sub>2t</sub> standard (1 μg/mL)	750 μL	4°C	EA85b
Wash Buffer	5x solution for washing plate	200 mL	4°C	EA85c
<b>Enhanced Dilution Buffer</b>	General buffer for diluting assay components	2 x 250 mL	4°C	EA85d
Substrate	TMB Substrate	125 mL	4°C	EA85e
HRP Conjugate	15-Isoprostane F <sub>2t</sub> HRP conjugate	1.25 mL	4°C	EA85f
Glucuronidase	β-Glucuronidase for sample pretreatment	1.25 mL	4°C	GL85a

## MATERIALS NEEDED BUT NOT PROVIDED

- 1. Adjustable pipettes (10-1,000 μL) and disposable tips
- 2. Microcentrifuge tubes
- 3. Beakers, flasks, and cylinders as necessary for preparation of reagents
- 4. Microplate reader with 450 nm filter
- 5. Deionized water
- 6. 3 M sulfuric acid

It is recommended that urine samples be normalized to creatinine or a comparable biomarker to allow reasonable sample-to-sample comparison of urinary 15-isoprostane F<sub>2t</sub> values. Please inquire about our Creatinine Assay Kit (product number CR01) at 800-692-4633.

## STORAGE CONDITIONS

- 1. Store this kit and its components at 4°C until use.
- 2. Do not freeze.

## WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

- 1. Use aseptic technique when opening and dispensing reagents.
- 2. This kit is designed to work properly as provided and instructed. Additions, deletions, or substitutions to the procedure or reagents are not recommended, as they may be detrimental to the assay.
- 3. Exercise universal precautions during the performance or handling of this kit or any component contained therein.

## PROCEDURAL NOTES

- 1. Reagents can be used immediately upon removal from refrigeration.
- 2. Performance of the entire kit at once is not required. When performing this kit in part, please adhere to the following:
  - -All unused components should be returned to storage at 4°C.
  - -Unused portions of the microplate should be returned to the zip lock pouch with desiccant prior to storage at 4°C.
  - -The Isoprostane HRP Conjugate is most stable at the stock concentration as provided; use only the appropriate amount of this stock and store the remainder for subsequent uses.
  - -Create a standard curve for each plate and each performance of the assay.
  - -The vial of β-Glucuronidase is sufficient for treating 200 samples.
- 3. To minimize error due to handling, wipe the exterior bottom of the microplate wells with a lint-free paper towel.

## SAMPLE COLLECTION

This kit is designed for extraction-free analysis of urine or like media. Samples such as plasma, serum, tissues, and cultures should employ the use of Oxford Biomedical Research product number EA84. Please contact 800-692-4633 for further details.

Sample collection and preparation is subject to the discretion and approval of the principal investigator.

Spot or 24-hour urine should be collected then aliquoted and stored immediately at  $-80^{\circ}$ C. Additives such as 0.02% thimerosal and 0.005% BHT may be used as preservatives where applicable but is typically not required.

## REAGENT PREPARATION

- 1. **5x Wash Buffer:** Dilute to 1x with deionized water and mix prior to use.
- 2. **15-isoprostane** F<sub>2t</sub> **HRP Conjugate:** Dilute 1:50 with Enhanced Dilution Buffer. For performance of the entire assay at once, add 240 μL of conjugate to 11.76 mL of Enhanced Dilution Buffer.

## **SAMPLE PREPARATION**

Oxford Biomedical Research has found that an average of 50% of the isoprostane excreted in human urine is conjugated to glucuronic acid. The extent of glucuronidation among individuals ranges significantly from 28% to 80%. In light of this information, it is strongly recommended that specimens be pretreated with  $\beta$ -glucuronidase prior to analysis to provide a more accurate assessment of oxidative stress. This kit provides sufficient materials and methods for the treatment of 40 samples allowing the user to differentiate the inter-individual differences in glucuronidation and measure the total systemic isoprostane output. If interested only in free isoprostane, do not treat samples with glucuronidase.

## **B-Glucuronidase Treatment**

- 1. For every 100 μL of urine to be assayed, add 5 μL of Glucuronidase. Seal tube and vortex to mix.
- 2. Incubate the mixture at 37°C for 2 hours.
- 3. Your sample is now ready for dilution and assay. Alternatively, the samples may be frozen at -70°C and assayed at a later date.

Samples should be diluted with Enhanced Dilution Buffer prior to assay. A recommended starting dilution is 1:4, regardless of pretreatment.

## STANDARD PREPARATION

The 15-Isoprostane  $F_{2t}$  Standard is provided as a 1  $\mu g/mL$  stock solution. Use the following table to construct an eight-point standard curve.

Table 1:	<b>Preparation</b>	of Standard	Curve
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Standard	15-Isoprostane F <sub>2t</sub> Concentration (ng/mL)	Enhanced Dilution Buffer (μL)	Transfer Volume (μL)	Transfer Source	Final Volume (µL)
$S_7$	100	450	50	Standard Stock	300
$S_6$	50	200	200	$S_7$	300
$S_5$	10	400	100	$S_6$	300
S <sub>4</sub>	5	200	200	$S_5$	300
$S_3$	1	400	100	$S_4$	400
$S_2$	0.1	900	100	$S_3$	500
$S_1$	0.05	500	500	$S_2$	1,000
$B_0$	0	300			300

# ASSAY PROCEDURE

- 1. Add 100 μL of Standards or diluted unknowns to each well. A recommended sample dilution is 1:4 with Enhanced Dilution Buffer. See Scheme I for a suggested plate layout.
- 2. Add 100 μL of diluted 15-isoprostane F<sub>2t</sub> HRP Conjugate to each well omitting the Reagent Blank (RB). Add 100 μL of Enhanced Dilution Buffer in lieu of Conjugate in the Reagent Blank. Incubate the plate for 2 hours at room temperature.
- 3. Wash wells according to the following wash procedure:
  - a. Remove the contents of each well by inversion of the plate.
  - b. Tap out the remaining contents of the plate onto a lint free paper towel.
  - c. Add 300 µL of 1x Wash Buffer.
  - d. Let stand for 2-3 minutes.
  - e. Repeat procedure two more times, then proceed to step "f".
  - f. Remove the contents of each well by inversion of plate into an appropriate disposal device.
  - g. Tap out the remaining contents of the plate onto a lint free paper towel, then proceed to step 4.

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- 4. Add 200 μL of TMB Substrate to each well.
- 5. Incubate for 20 40 minutes until an appreciable blue hue is observed for the B<sub>0</sub>.
- 6. Add 50  $\mu$ L of 3 M Sulfuric Acid to each well to stop the reaction. The color with change from blue to yellow.
- 7. Read the plate at 450 nm.

NOTE: The plate can be alternatively read at 650 nm in the absence of the addition of 3 M Sulfuric Acid in step 6 above.

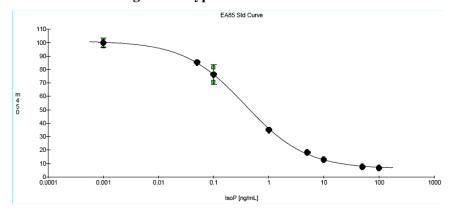
## **Scheme I:**

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
A	S7	S7	U <sub>1</sub>	U <sub>1</sub>	U9	U9	U17	U17	U25	U25	U33	U33
										U26		
C	S <sub>5</sub>	S <sub>5</sub>	U3	U3	$U_{11}$	$U_{11}$	U19	U19	U27	U27	U35	U35
D	S4	S4	U4	U4	U <sub>12</sub>	U <sub>12</sub>	$U_{20}$	$U_{20}$	U28	U28	U36	U36
	_	_	-	-	_	_			-	U29		
										U30		
G	S <sub>1</sub>	$s_1$	U7	U7	U15	U15	U23	U23	U31	U31	U39	U39
Н	В0	В0	U8	$U_8$	U16	U16	U24	U24	U32	U32	RB	RB

## **CALCULATIONS**

- 1. Average the Reagent Blank (RB) absorbance values and subtract this average from the value obtained for all other wells. Most modern microplate readers are capable of doing this automatically.
- 2. Average replicates of each Standard S<sub>1</sub> through S<sub>7</sub>. Divide each average by the mean B<sub>0</sub> value and multiply the result by 100 to obtain %B<sub>0</sub> values.
- 3. Graph %B<sub>0</sub> values (y-axis-linear) vs. standard concentration (x-axis-logarithmic) to obtain a standard curve. Figure 1 is a Typical Standard Curve, which plots concentration vs. absorbance.
- 4. Average the replicates of each unknown and divide by the average B<sub>0</sub> value to obtain %B<sub>0</sub>, then determine corresponding concentration using the standard curve and account for dilution factors.

Figure 1: Typical Standard Curve



**Typical B/B<sub>0</sub>:** 20% - 3.5 ng/mL; 50% - 0.45 ng/mL; 80% - 0.08 ng/mL

## PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

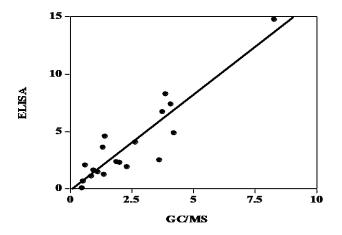
	Cross	reactivity	7 at 5	50%	$B/B_0$
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15-isoprostane F <sub>2t</sub>	100.0%
$9\alpha$ ,11β-PROSTAGLANDIN $F_{2\alpha}$	4.1%
13,14-DIHYDRO-15-KETO-	3.0%
$PGF_{2\alpha}$	
$9\beta$ ,11α-PROSTAGLANDIN $F_{2\alpha}$	<0.01%
PROSTAGLANDIN	<0.01%
$F_{2\alpha}$	
6-KETO-PROSTAGLANDIN $F_{1\alpha}$	<0.01%
PROSTAGLANDIN E <sub>2</sub>	<0.01%
PROSTAGLANDIN D <sub>2</sub>	<0.01%
ARACHIDONIC ACID	< 0.01%

## **VALIDATION**

The concentrations of 15-isoprostane  $F_{2t}$  in several human urine samples were determined by immunoassay and by GC/MS following solid phase extraction of separate aliquots, and a correlation ( $r^2$ ) of > 0.8 was obtained (Figure 2).

Figure 2: ELISA Correlation with GC/MS



## REFERENCES

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